1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO	
3	DEPARTMENT R6 HON	I. STANFORD E. REICHERT, JUDGE
4		
5	CHINO BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER)
6	DISTRICT, Plaintiff) ,)
7	vs.) CASE NO. RCVRS51010
8	CITY OF CHINO,)
9	Defendant	.)
10)
11		
12	REPORTER'S TRANSCRI	PT OF ORAL PROCEEDINGS
13	FRIDAY, AU	JGUST 30, 2013
14		
15	APPEARANCES:	
16	For CCG ONTARIO, LLC:	BAKER MANOCK &JENSEN PETER G. FASHING
17	For CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER:	BROWNSTEIN HYATT FARBER SCHRECK
18	TOT CITINO BROTH WITHIUM.	BRADLEY J. HERREMA SCOTT S. SLATER
19	For MONTE VISTA WATER	KIDMAN LAW, LLP
20	DISTRICT:	ARTHUR KIDMAN
21	For OVERLYING AGRICULTURAL POOL:	EGOSCUE LAW GROUP TRACY J. EGOSCUE
22	For CITY OF CHINO:	TERESA CHEN
23	TOT CITT OF CITINO.	INTON CITEIN
24	Reported by:	LAURA SANDERS
25		Official Reporter CSR No. 12273
26		

Т

1	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA; FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 2013
2	P.M. SESSION
3	DEPARTMENT R6 HON. STANFORD E. REICHERT, JUDGE
4	
5	APPEARANCES:
6	Appearing for CCG Ontario, LLC, PETER G. FASHING,
7	Attorney at Law; appearing for Chino Basin
8	Watermaster, BRADLEY J. HERREMA and SCOTT S.
9	SLATER, Attorneys at Law; appearing for Monte
LO	Vista Water, ARTHUR KIDMAN, Attorney at Law;
1	appearing for Overlying Agricultural Pool,
L2	TRACY J. EGOSCUE, Attorney at Law; appearing
L3	for City of Chino, TERESA CHEN, Attorney at Law.
L 4	(Laura Sanders, CSR, Official Reporter C-12273.)
L5	-000-
L 6	THE COURT: Good afternoon, everybody. I thought
L7	I didn't know if we were going to have a large group this
L 8	afternoon or not. I'll wait a few more minutes and see if
L9	somebody else shows up and give you a chance to read the
20	tentative, and then I'll come out in about five minutes and
21	see where we are. Okay. Thanks.
22	(Brief recess.)
23	THE COURT: Let's go on the record then in the
24	Watermaster case. And so before we proceed, let me get
25	everybody's appearances. We'll start here on my right.
26	MR. FASHING: Thank you, your Honor. Good

afternoon. Peter Fashing appearing for the moving party, 1 2 CCG Ontario, LLC. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. MR. KIDMAN: Good afternoon, your Honor. Arthur 4 5 Kidman for the defendant Monte Vista Water District. THE COURT: Thank you. 6 7 MS. EGOSCUE: Good afternoon, your Honor. Tracy Egoscue for the Overline Agricultural Pool. 8 THE COURT: Got it. 9 10 MS. EGOSCUE: Thank you. 11 MR. HERREMA: Good afternoon, your Honor. Brad Herrema on behalf of Chino Basin Watermaster. 12 13 MR. SLATER: Also, your Honor, Scott Slater, 14 S-l-a-t-e-r, on half of Watermaster. 15 THE COURT: Got it. 16 MS. CHEN: Good afternoon, your Honor. Teresa Chen 17 on behalf of the City of Pomona. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. All right. That's 18 19 everybody. Please be seated. 20 There is actually three motions on calendar today. 21 The first two that I'll address don't have any opposition. 22 So, let me move through those right now. 23 The first one is -- that the Court will address is 2.4 the motion for Approval of Amendments to the Cyclic Storage 25 Agreement and to Receive and File the OBMP Semiannual 26 Report.

1 The Court will note that there has been no 2 opposition received, and I take it that none of the counsel 3 appearing today has any further opposition or comment or --MR. HERREMA: Your Honor, Watermaster would like to 4 5 withdraw its request as to the amendments to the Cyclic 6 Storage Agreement. 7 THE COURT: Okav. MR. HERREMA: But maintain its request for an order 8 granting the motion to Receive and File the OBMP Semiannual 9 10 Status Reports. 11 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. So the motion 12 -- just a moment then -- to Approve the 8th and 9th 13 Amendments to the Cyclic Storage Agreement is withdrawn? 14 MR. HERREMA: Yes, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: But you're continuing with the motion 16 to Receive and File the Semiannual Optimum Basin Management 17 Program Status Reports; is that correct? MR. HERREMA: Yes. And I brought a revised 18 19 proposed order for the Court. 20 THE COURT: Excellent. Thank you. 21 MR. HERREMA: May I approach? 22 THE COURT: Yes. Deputy, that's fine. Thank you. 23 Let the record reflect I've been presented with an order 2.4 granting the motion to Receive and File the OBMP Semiannual 25 Reports, and the order matches the current motion pending 26 before the Court, which there is no opposition, so the

Court's going to go ahead and sign the order at this time as requested by Mr. Herrema.

MR. HERREMA: Herrema.

2.4

THE COURT: Herrema. Thank you.

MR. HERREMA: Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. So that's done.

Let me turn now to a second motion, which is for a revision of the February 19, 1998 ruling appointing the nine-member Watermaster Board. Now, this also had a motion for Approval of Amendments to Cyclic Storage Agreement. So I take it that part of the motion is withdrawn? I'm reading the title; is that correct?

MR. HERREMA: I don't believe they were joined, your Honor, but --

THE COURT: It was just -- I'm reading off the notice of hearing. Thank you. Not the motion itself. Thank you.

So let me go back, all right, thank you, and read from the motion itself this time, not just the notice of the hearing, which is to revise the Court's prior February 19, 1998 order appointing the nine-member Watermaster Board in order to allow for members of the Overline Agricultural Pool serving as members of the Overline Agricultural Pool Committee, or the advisory committee, to serve currently. And the basis of the motion was that there are just getting to be so few members of the Overline Agricultural Pool that

```
1
      they now have to serve double duty; is that correct?
 2
              MS. EGOSCUE: That's correct, your Honor.
 3
              THE COURT: Thank you. Can I get your appearance?
              MS. EGOSCUE: Tracy Egoscue.
 4
 5
               THE COURT: Got it. For the Overline Pool,
 6
      Egoscue.
 7
              MS. EGOSCUE: Egoscue.
               THE COURT: Thank you. E-g-o-s-c-u-e.
 8
      your sheet too. All right. That motion is granted.
 9
10
              MS. EGOSCUE: Thank you, your Honor.
11
               THE COURT: And if you have a proposed order, I
12
      will sign it. If you don't, if you'll submit one.
13
              MS. EGOSCUE: May I approach?
14
              THE COURT: Yes, you may. Thank you.
15
              MS. EGOSCUE: Thank you.
               THE COURT: All right. Let the record reflect that
16
      I have an order which sets forth the motion and the basis
17
18
      and the ruling. And the Court will go ahead and sign that
19
      order at this time. Okay. That takes care of the two
20
      unopposed motions.
21
              All right. Let's move then to the motion for which
22
      there was opposition, and that's for leave to sue
23
      Watermaster. And the Court has prepared a tentative on
2.4
      this. And give me just one more moment.
25
               The Court, again, put in hours, not as many as on
26
      the first highly contested motion a couple of years ago, but
```

still a number of hours on this to work this up, review all the documents in detail, review the motion, the moving papers, the opposition, the reply, joinders, and come up with a tentative, which the Court has provided today.

So, Mr. Fashing, it's your motion. The tentative is against you. The Court will certainly hear oral argument. I'll just request that you not repeat the arguments that you set forth in the moving papers because I did consider them in the moving papers and the reply very carefully before I actually prepared the tentative.

Mr. Fashing, go ahead.

2.4

MR. FASHING: Thank you, your Honor. And first let me thank the Court for taking special time and effort to review these matters. I know that it was quite a large motion, so I appreciate that.

As the Court knows, we're seeking leave to file suit against the Watermaster in a separately pending litigation in Department R-8 in this very court before Judge Ochoa. And as the Court is aware, it's essentially our position that the Watermaster is a receiver. And if the Watermaster is a receiver, then case law is pretty clear that we need to obtain leave of the Court to bring suit against the Watermaster in a separate litigation. And if that's the -- if the Watermaster is, in fact, a receiver, your Honor, then the proper inquiry I would respectfully submit for the Court, is whether or not the relief sought by

the moving party in the other litigation is also available to that moving party by intervention in this matter. And if the answer to that question is no, then under <code>Ostrowski</code>, case cited in our papers, then the Court is required to grant leave to sue the Watermaster in the other litigation.

2.4

And we submit that the answer to that question is actually no, that the same relief is not available, and I'll discuss that briefly in a moment.

THE COURT: So far I really have heard what's been in your moving papers, in your reply. Is there something new?

MR. FASHING: I'm sorry, your Honor. It's hard to set up the context without at least giving some brief overview. I'll try not to be repetitive.

THE COURT: Please, go ahead.

MR. FASHING: Thank you.

Your Honor, we have set forth -- and I won't -- we've set forth the definition of a public entity. There is a dispute, obviously, as to whether the Watermaster is a receiver or whether it's a public entity. And the Court appears, by it's tentative, that it's ruled or prepared to rule that it's a public entity.

In fact, Government Code Section 811.2 defines a public entity, and the Watermaster fits none of these particular elements. It's not a UC Regent. It's not the State. The only arguable basis for finding that the

Watermaster is a public entity entitled to governmental immunity would potentially be that it's a public agency under the definition provided by the code.

2.4

THE COURT: What about -- let me stop you. What about the definition that it's a servant and, as I said in the tentative, it serves the court.

MR. FASHING: Yes, your Honor. A servant, under that statute, is generally interpreted to mean an employee, and it does include an employee who perhaps does not receive compensation, for instance, an intern or someone of that nature. But by that same, if we were to extend the Court's reasoning as to it being a servant, then a receiver is also a servant, but a receiver has no governmental immunity to which it's entitled.

And we -- so the Watermaster is in no more way a servant of the Court than a receiver.

THE COURT: What about a special master, which is really, in the Court's opinion, what Watermaster is?

MR. FASHING: Well, your Honor, a special master is typically appointed to adjudicate matters during the pendency of the litigation, your Honor, and they perform a judicial function in that regard. I don't believe that's what the Watermaster is doing here. The Watermaster is acting as a receiver acts.

A receiver basically does everything that the Watermaster is empowered to do. In fact, the receivership

statute 564(b)(3) specifically authorizes the court to appoint a receiver to enforce and carry out the terms of the judgment. That's exactly what the judgment states that the Watermaster's function is, to administer and enforce this judgment, your Honor. And it's --

THE COURT: What about the definition that I've got in the tentative that the purpose of a receivership is the preservation of property, which is the subject of the litigation pending its disposition according to the judgment? There is no property that which Watermaster disposes.

MR. FASHING: Well, your Honor, that's only one possible definition of a receiver. If the Court considers CCP 564, there is several different functions of a receiver, not all of which occur pending litigation, your Honor. Some of which occur, in fact, after judgments, in fact, when a judgment is issued and a receiver is appointed to enforce the judgment, then that is a receiver who is not, in fact, preserving property pending litigation -- pending the outcome of litigation. So, that is one potential, and probably the most common, example of when a receiver is appointed. It's not all that often that you see a receiver being appointed to enforce a judgment. Most judgments don't require that sort of oversight. But, of course, in this matter, the judgment is quite detailed and does require that level of oversight.

And so the quotation that the judge is referring to, your Honor, is only one of many possibilities in terms of the function of a receiver.

2.4

THE COURT: Well, receivers are authorized in criminal cases, Penal Code Sections 186.11, fraud or embezzlement; 186.6, criminal profiteering activities, to aid in the execution of a judgment, particularly where assets cannot be reached against property disposal -- by writ of execution, CCP 708.620, to preserve the value of attached property, CCP Section 488.700, to preserve real or personal property pending determination of ownership. There is no question that Watermaster doesn't have anything to do with ownership. That's CCP 699.070. Enforcement of family law orders, that's Family Code section 290, where a general equity receiver is warranted for the purpose of restitution. That's Government Code Sections 12527, 13975.1. And to remedy substandard building conditions, Health and Safety Code Section 179 -- I'm sorry, 17980.7.

And everything you've told me still doesn't lead me to the conclusion that Watermaster is anything like a receiver. Go ahead, please.

MR. FASHING: Yes, your Honor. Well, I would just say those are all perfectly fine examples of potential functions of a receiver, but the Court has not looked or read from CCP 564(b)(3), which specifically authorizes the appointment of a receiver to enforce a judgment.

THE COURT: But Watermaster doesn't enforce this judgment. It assists the Court.

MR. FASHING: Your Honor, I would respectfully disagree. The judgment itself specifically says that the Watermaster is -- expressly says that the Watermaster is appointed to administer and enforce the judgment. That's a quote.

THE COURT: Well, this is -- the Watermaster is in a, in my opinion, a unique situation where the enforcement of whatever aspects of the judgment Watermaster enforces don't have anything to do with the disposition of property, which is really what a receiver does.

MR. FASHING: Well, the Watermaster does, in fact -- does in effect preserve and protect property, your Honor, and that is a function of the receiver under 564 under other sections.

THE COURT: But that's for ultimate disposition.

That's for ultimate sale in a situation, not in an ongoing judgment like this one.

MR. FASHING: Respectfully, your Honor, 564 does not distinguish between those two events whether it's prior to disposition or after disposition. But 564(b)(3), again, I'll repeat it, your Honor, at the sake of -- at the risk of repeating it, does authorize specifically a receiver to carry out the terms of judgment, 564(b)(3). And that is exactly what the judgment itself provides.

And I would come about this at a -- from a different angle, your Honor, and also note that public agencies aren't creatures of -- they aren't created by the judiciary. They are created by the legislature, they are created by initiative or they are created by constitutional provisions. It's -- it's that branch's function to create and the constitution to create public agencies.

2.4

The judiciary does not create public agencies. And this is -- I've seen no authority from opposing counsel that the judiciary is, in fact, has that power, your Honor. And I would submit that it does not. That's a function of law, of the legislative law or the initiative law or constitutional law.

THE COURT: So you're saying that the Watermaster should never have been instituted in the first place?

MR. FASHING: No, your Honor, I'm not. I'm saying the Watermaster was properly instituted, but he was authorized to do so specifically because the receivership statutes at 564(b)(3) authorize the appointment of a receiver to -- to carry out the terms of a judgment.

THE COURT: I see.

MR. FASHING: Express.

THE COURT: I understand what you're telling me, but, Counsel, you really don't need to argue that further because, in my view, the Court has not appointed the Watermaster to -- after judgment, carry that judgment into

1 effect in the context and meaning of 564, that definition of 2 receivers, for the reasons I've already stated in my 3 tentative. And so far, you haven't told me anything that would cause me to diverge from my tentative. Go ahead. 4 5 MR. FASHING: I'll move on to another aspect. THE COURT: If you have something more to tell me, 6 7 please feel free to do so, but so far I haven't heard anything that would give me a reason to diverge from my 8 tentative. 9 10 MR. FASHING: I appreciate that, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. FASHING: I would respectfully submit, your 13 Honor, that -- and it's clear that opposing counsel wants the Court to decide this case on its merits and --14 15 THE COURT: Which case is that? 16 MR. FASHING: The case that we are attempting to 17 bring against the Watermaster. THE COURT: No, I'm not deciding it on the merits. 18 19 I'm looking at the procedures of immunity. And I don't -- I 20 should point out really specifically, I don't have any 21 comment on the merits whatsoever. I'm looking at whether 22 there is an immunity and whether there is a duty. And in my 23 view, there is neither. I should say in my view there is an 2.4 immunity and there is no duty. I need to be specific. 25 don't make comment on what the merits of the suit are. I 26 have no insight to that. All I have are some allegations

that are really -- the Court considered in terms of trying to figure out whether Watermaster has a duty or not. The merits of those allegations I have no comment on.

2.4

MR. FASHING: Okay. Well, respectfully, your

Honor, I would say that by opining or making a determination
as to either immunity or the existence of a duty, in effect,
is a decision on the merits it seems.

THE COURT: It's a question of law. Duty is always a question of law.

MR. FASHING: Still a decision on the merits.

THE COURT: I disagree. It's a legal decision under the -- without respect to the merits.

MR. FASHING: And I would propose, your Honor, that that would be a consideration that would be more appropriate in -- in the context of the separately pending lawsuit. And the reason I say that, your Honor, is because if there is a defect in the pleadings, as the Court seems to suggest that there is, then opposing counsel will have several opportunities pretrial to fully brief that. We can fully respond to it by full and complete briefing. And that can be done by demurrer. It can be done by judgment on the pleadings. It can be done by summary judgement motion.

But the -- the key factor is, your Honor, in the event -- well, two key factors. One, we'd have an opportunity to actually brief that matter at an appropriate time and an appropriate place. And this is our motion just

simply seeking leave to serve -- to sue the Watermaster where the inquiry is really just whether or not we can receive the same -- receive the same relief by intervention as we can in a separately pending lawsuit.

THE COURT: Since the question of duty is a matter of -- since duty is a question of law, the scope of the duties is appropriate for this Court for the reasons I've set forth in the tentative and should not be referred to another judge for the purpose -- for the reasons I set forth in the tentative.

And, again, I'm not commenting on the merits of the case. I'm commenting on whether there is a legal duty, again, question of law, which the Court is -- which is appropriate for this Court with respect to Watermaster.

MR. FASHING: May I inquire, your Honor, if it's the Court's intent for the finding on the question of duty to be binding against the parties?

THE COURT: It's binding with respect to suing
Watermaster. That's the subject -- that's the question for
me to decide.

MR. FASHING: I would respectfully differ on that, your Honor, that under *Ostrowski*, that's not the relevant inquiry. And at least if we were to pursue this matter in a typical litigation context, we'd have a chance to amend our pleadings, amend our complaint, and to argue fully and appropriately that very issue, which is not the subject of

the motion here today.

2.4

THE COURT: I disagree it is, and I made my ruling on it in the tentative and I have not heard a reason to diverge from it. Go ahead, please.

MR. FASHING: I would -- in that event, your Honor, then I would simply ask whether your Honor would be willing to add the -- add the caveat to the tentative that in the event a later determination is made that the Watermaster is actually a receiver, that then leave under those circumstances would be appropriate and that we would be able to sue in the other matter.

THE COURT: No, because that determination, in my view, would have to come from the Court of Appeal. Of course, if the Court of Appeal rules, I'll follow whatever rules the Court of Appeal makes.

MR. FASHING: I understand.

THE COURT: Not another trial court. So I'm not going to add that, as you characterized it, caveat, or I'll call it qualification.

MR. FASHING: Yes. The reason I ask that, your Honor, is because it puts us in a catch-22 of sorts.

THE COURT: I don't see it. You've asked for leave

-- for the Court to consider whether you have leave to sue

Watermaster. The Court has determined that you don't for

the reasons I've already stated in open court here and in

the tentative itself.

1 Anything further? 2 MR. FASHING: That's it, your Honor. Thank you. 3 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Mr. Slater or Mr. Herrema? 4 5 MR. HERREMA: Your Honor, we've read your tentative and appreciate it. As you've indicated, the Court has found 6 that Watermaster is not a receiver and the denial of the motion is appropriate; therefore, moreover, the Court has 8 found that Watermaster is a special master. We agree with 9 10 that based on the February 1998 order that was referenced 11 earlier in this hearing that Watermaster was appointed as a 12 special master based on the special expertise, and that is 13 appropriate to continue as the Court's jurisdiction in this 14 matter continues. The litigation effectively is ongoing. 15 We agree with the Court's -- Court's tentative and 16 appreciate it. Thank you. THE COURT: Submit then? 17 18 MR. HERREMA: Yes, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Fashing? 20 MR. FASHING: Submit, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Pardon? 22 MR. FASHING: Mr. Fashing. 23 THE COURT: Fashing. I'm sorry. Thank you. 2.4 sorry I mispronounced your name. 25 The Court then will, for the reasons expressed here 26 in court and for the reasons expressed on the tentative, the

1	Court finds that there is not a basis for the Court to grant	
2	leave to sue Watermaster. So the tentative will become the	
3	order in this matter. I'm going to go ahead and sign the	
4	order at this time.	
5	MR. FASHING: Thank you, your Honor.	
6	THE COURT: Thank you.	
7	Anything further for the Court to consider at this	
8	time, Mr. Fashing?	
9	MR. FASHING: Nothing, your Honor.	
10	THE COURT: Mr. Herrema?	
11	MR. FASHING: Nothing.	
12	THE COURT: Thank you.	
13	MR. HERREMA: No, nothing, your Honor.	
14	MR. SLATER: Nothing.	
15	THE COURT: Thank you. That will complete the	
16	hearing for today.	
17	(Proceedings concluded.)	
18	000	
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		

1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO		
3	DEPARTMENT R6 HON. STANFORD E. REICHERT, JUDGE		
4			
5	CHINO BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER)		
6	DISTRICT,) Plaintiff,)		
7	vs.) CASE NO. RCVRS51010		
8	CITY OF CHINO,		
9	Defendant.)		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)		
11) ss COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO)		
12	COUNTI OF SAN BERNARDINO)		
13	I, Laura Sanders, Official Reporter for the Superior		
14	Court of San Bernardino, do hereby certify that to the best		
15	of my ability, the foregoing pages, 1 through 18, comprise a		
16	full, true, and correct transcript of the proceedings held		
17	in the above-entitled matter on Friday, August 30, 2013.		
18	Dated this 20th day of September, 2013.		
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24	· 		
25	LAURA SANDERS, C-12273		
26			